

Unit 3 Grammar

Complex clauses

1 Write **C** (contrast) or **R** (reason) for the bold clauses.

Although she was feeling unwell, she still went on the boat trip. C

1 We can't go on holiday this year **because we haven't got enough money**. _____

2 'I haven't brought my climbing boots, **though I've got my rucksack**.' _____

3 **As it's our holiday**, we're going quad biking. _____

4 **In spite of the fact that she didn't like heights**, she made it to the top. _____

5 They decided to go on the boat trip, **although the weather was awful**. _____

6 **Since they're our best friends**, we asked them to come on holiday with us. _____

4 Complete the sentences with the correct alternatives.

She booked the flights on the internet **because** she wanted to save some money. (**because** / **because of**)

1 _____ the cruise was a special offer, they booked it immediately. (**As** / **Because of**)

2 There were no seats left on the flight _____ the time of year. (**since** / **because of**)

3 _____ we had won some money, we decided to travel around Europe. (**Because** / **Because of**)

4 _____ they enjoyed life in the open air, they decided to go camping. (**Because of** / **Since**)

5 _____ the heat, they spent most of their time in the hotel room. (**Since** / **Because of**)

6 _____ the exchange rate was so good, he bought a lot of things to take home. (**Because of** / **As**)

Linkers of result

5 Choose the correct alternatives.

It was **so** / **such** a beautiful day that they decided to have a picnic at the lake.

1 He was **so** / **such** exhausted after the trek that he fell asleep immediately.

2 It was **so** / **such** a good holiday that they didn't want to come home.

3 We were **so** / **such** excited about our adventure that we couldn't wait to tell our friends!

4 I was **so** / **such** scared when we went caving that I'll never do it again.

5 It was **so** / **such** a memorable trip that the children want to go again next year.

6 It was **so** / **such** a big cruise ship that we all got lost.

6 Complete the text. Use **so** or **such**.

Travelling on trains in some countries is _____ **so** _____ dangerous that many travellers avoid using them.

However, in other countries train travel is

(1) _____ reliable and (2) _____ cheap that

it makes sense for tourists and locals alike to use trains to get around. This isn't the case in the UK though,

where trains are (3) _____ an expensive way to travel that it's often cheaper to hire a car. They are

also often (4) _____ late that people sometimes wait for hours on the station platform.

It's (5) _____ a pity that this environmentally friendly form of transport is not as reliable and cheap in the UK as it is in other countries.

Linkers of contrast

2 Complete the sentences. Use **although**, **in spite of** or **despite**. More than one correct answer may be possible.

Although the flight was long, no one felt too tired.

1 _____ the bad weather, we chose to cross the Channel by boat.

2 They went to Córdoba on the AVE, _____ the fact that it cost a lot of money.

3 _____ they couldn't see the summit, the team made it safely to the top.

4 They went skiing, _____ the fact that no one could ski!

5 _____ being out in the sun for too long, I didn't get sunburn.

6 He still enjoyed the holiday, _____ he probably won't stay at that hotel again.

Linkers of purpose and reason

3 Match 1–6 with A–F to form complete sentences.

1 C We stopped for a break at midday

2 _____ They chose a small, peaceful island

3 _____ Everyone had to catch the bus at 6 a.m.

4 _____ He stopped at the top of the hill

5 _____ The children all wore waterproof jackets

6 _____ I must telephone the hotel company today

A in order to be at the airport on time.

B so he could appreciate the view.

C so that everyone could have lunch.

D so that they could have a quiet holiday.

E so that I can check they've got my booking.

F in order to keep dry.

Unit 3 Grammar

Linkers of contrast

7 Complete the sentences with the correct alternatives.

Although he was only sixteen, his parents let him travel to the USA alone. (**In spite of / Although**)

- _____ she was scared of heights, she reached the summit easily. (**Despite / Despite the fact that**)
- They decided to continue their holiday _____ all the problems they had had. (**in spite of / though**)
- I slept very well _____ the noise from the hotel disco. (**in spite of the fact that / in spite of**)
- _____ the weather was awful, we still went to the beach. (**Although / Despite**)
- _____ booking a flight early, there were no hotel vacancies in Barcelona. (**Despite / In spite of the fact that**)
- _____ you hadn't planned anything, you obviously had a great time. (**Despite the fact that / Despite**)

8 Write sentences. Use the bold linkers.

he didn't have a visa / he was able to stay in the country for a week (**although**)

Although he didn't have a visa, he was able to stay in the country for a week.

- she wasn't worried / she was travelling alone (**in spite of the fact that**)

- not liking the food / we decided to visit Taiwan again (**despite**)

- there were huge traffic jams / they still got to the airport on time (**although**)

- the jungle trek went ahead / the heavy rain (**in spite of**)

- I spent a year in Paris / I couldn't speak French (**despite the fact that**)

- the train was crowded / I managed to find a seat (**though**)

Linkers of purpose and reason

9 Choose the correct alternatives.

They decided to leave their jobs **so that** / **so as not to** they could travel the world.

- I went to the travel agent's **in order to** / **so that** book my holiday.
- We checked a few websites **so as to** / **so as not to** make sure we got the best deal.
- She took a lot of euros with her **in order not to** / **not to** have to go to a bank on holiday.
- You need to get a visa **so that** / **to** you can stay in the USA for three months.
- My parents took a guidebook with them **so that** / **so as not to** get lost.

10 Answer the questions. Use *because*, *because of*, *as* or *since* and the explanations in the list. More than one correct answer may be possible.

- I'm going away for a year.
- The terrible weather.
- There were a lot of storms in that part of the USA this year.
- His parents said he was too young.
- She'd forgotten to bring her passport.
- The extremely long queue at the bank.

Why couldn't they go to Florida on holiday?

They couldn't go to Florida on holiday because there were a lot of storms in that part of the USA this year.

- Why couldn't she get on the plane?

- Why have you got a big suitcase?

- Why can't we climb to the summit today?

- Why didn't you change any money?

- Why couldn't Tom go with you?

Linkers of result

11 Complete the sentences. Use *so*, *such* or *such a / an*.

It's **such** a good campsite that they've decided to go again.

- The travel company was _____ efficient that the family received their tickets the next day.
- It was _____ long climb up the hill, that Sam had to have a rest.
- He was _____ nice boy that I've kept in touch with him.
- We're very happy. We're having _____ amazing weather.
- She's _____ lucky! She's travelled all over the world since she left school.

Unit 3 Grammar extension

Linkers of contrast

- 1 Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first.
- In spite of having no money, she went to India on holiday.
In spite of the fact that **she had no money**, she went to **India on holiday**.
- 1 Although they travelled a lot when they were young, my parents now prefer to stay at home.
In spite of _____
 - 2 Despite the fact that they didn't have much money, they paid for her meal.
Despite not _____
 - 3 In spite of feeling afraid, they continued their trek through the jungle.
Though _____
 - 4 In spite of losing her passport, she was still able to get home.
Despite the fact that _____
 - 5 Although we enjoyed Vienna, we won't go back there again.
In spite of the fact that _____

Linkers of purpose and reason

- 2 Rewrite the sentences. Use the bold linkers.
- I took a lot of money so that I could buy presents.
(**so as to**)
I **took a lot of money so as to buy presents**.
- 1 The flight was delayed as there was fog. (**because of**)

 - 2 We had to leave the hotel early so that we could get to the Prado by 10 a.m. (**to**)

 - 3 They decided to walk there in order not to spend money on transport. (**so as not to**)

 - 4 She got to the airport early so as not to have to queue. (**in order not to**)

 - 5 Did you choose a remote island in order to get away from it all? (**so that**)

Linkers of result

- 3 Join the sentences. Use *so / such ... that*.
- It was a fantastic place. We're going to go back again!
It was such a fantastic place that we're going to go back again.
- 1 I'm exhausted. I can't go any further.

 - 2 Sheila's good company. I'll ask her to come on holiday with me.

 - 3 It's a cheap hotel. They're going to stay for another week!

 - 4 We were full. We couldn't eat dessert.

 - 5 The sun is hot. There's hardly anyone on the beach.

Mixed linkers

- 4 Correct the sentences. One is correct.
- There are ~~so~~ a lot of budget airlines these days that it's easy to find a good deal.
There are such a lot of budget airlines these days that it's easy to find a good deal.
- 1 I worked for a year for save money for my trip.

 - 2 The family had to wait for another flight because confusion with their booking.

 - 3 In spite of she could speak Spanish, she only spoke English while she was in Madrid.

 - 4 I was lucky to be able to travel around the world.

 - 5 We went to Spanish classes in order for learn a few words before our trip to Cádiz.

 - 6 It was such amazing to see the city from the top of the mountain.

Grammar

Unit 2 Grammar

- 1 1 You shouldn't wear that skirt on your date.
2 Steve ought to buy some new clothes.
3 Amy should tell him the truth.
4 You mustn't tell him that I'm in love.
5 You don't have to pay to use that chat room.
6 They'd better not tell anyone about us.
- 2 1 A 2 P 3 P 4 A 5 P 6 A
- 3 1 'm allowed to 4 aren't allowed to
2 aren't allowed to 5 are allowed to
3 Is ... allowed to 6 isn't allowed to
- 4 1 C 2 P 3 C 4 P 5 P 6 C
- 5 1 might 4 'd better
2 shouldn't 5 'll be able to
3 must 6 don't have to
- 6 1 could have 4 can't have
2 must have 5 might have
3 shouldn't have
- 7 1 You'd better hurry up, or you'll be late for your date!
2 You must make a good impression.
3 You shouldn't take your friends with you on your first date.
4 You don't have to pay for everything.
5 You mustn't be late.
6 You ought to give your date lots of compliments.
- 8 1 B 2 A 3 B 4 A 5 C 6 C
- 9 1 If Ivan goes speed dating, he could meet the girl of his dreams.
2 People can't fall in love after only one date.
3 My sister's boyfriend might ask her to marry him soon.
4 We must tell Joanna the truth.
5 Ben may ask Carrie out.
6 Mark can't fancy Eva.
- 10 1 He must have stayed out late last night.
2 She can't have wanted to see him again.
3 You shouldn't have told her about us.
4 My parents needn't have worried about me.
5 You should have stayed in instead.
6 He could have had an accident.

Unit 2 Grammar extension

- 1 1 What could you do when you were six years old? OR What instruments could you play when you were six years old?
2 When were you allowed to go out with girls?
3 When will you be able to go into a pub?
4 Where can I / we smoke?
5 How far can her brother swim?
- 2 1 We'd better not ask her now, she looks a bit upset.
2 Fred's going on holiday next week, so you'd better call him soon.
3 I'd better not be late for my first date!
4 You'd better go now or you'll miss the film.
5 They'd better turn the music down before the neighbours complain!
- 3 1 D 2 A 3 C

- 4 1 might be 4 have to come
2 shouldn't make 5 must spend
3 mustn't disturb
- 5 1 You must have been excited when Raziq asked you out.
2 We'd better tell everyone we've split up.
3 You mustn't play games on your mobile on a date, it's rude!
4 They must be going out.
5 You don't have to wear a tie – it isn't compulsory.
6 You could meet the boy of your dreams tomorrow.

Unit 3 Grammar

- 1 1 R 2 C 3 R 4 C 5 C 6 R
- 2 1 In spite of OR Despite 4 in spite of OR despite
2 in spite of OR despite 5 In spite of OR Despite
3 Although 6 although
- 3 2 D 3 A 4 B 5 F 6 E
- 4 1 As 4 Since
2 because of 5 Because of
3 Because 6 As
- 5 1 so 4 so
2 such 5 such
3 so 6 such
- 6 1 so 4 so
2 so 5 such
3 such
- 7 1 Despite the fact that 4 Although
2 in spite of 5 Despite
3 in spite of 6 Despite the fact that
- 8 1 She wasn't worried, in spite of the fact that she was travelling alone. OR In spite of the fact that she was travelling alone, she wasn't worried.
2 Despite not liking the food, we decided to visit Taiwan again. OR We decided to visit Taiwan again, despite not liking the food.
3 Although there were huge traffic jams, they still got to the airport on time. OR They still got to the airport on time, although there were huge traffic jams.
4 The jungle trek went ahead, in spite of the heavy rain. OR In spite of the heavy rain, the jungle trek went ahead.
5 I spent a year in Paris, despite the fact that I couldn't speak French. OR Despite the fact that I couldn't speak French, I spent a year in Paris.
6 Though the train was crowded, I managed to find a seat. OR I managed to find a seat, though the train was crowded.
- 9 1 in order to 4 so that
2 so as to 5 so as not to
3 in order not to
- 10 1 She couldn't get on the plane because / as / since she'd forgotten to bring her passport.
2 I've got a big suitcase because / as / since I'm going away for a year.
3 We can't climb to the summit today because of the terrible weather.
4 I didn't change any money because of the extremely long queue at the bank.
5 Tom couldn't go with me because his parents said he was too young.

Grammar

- 11 1 so 4 such
2 such a 5 so
3 such a

Unit 3 Grammar extension

- 1 1 In spite of travelling a lot when they were young, my parents now prefer to stay at home. OR In spite of the fact that they travelled a lot when they were young, my parents now prefer to stay at home.
2 Despite not having much money, they paid for her meal.
3 Though they felt / were feeling afraid, they continued their trek through the jungle.
4 Despite the fact that she had lost her passport, she was still able to get home.
5 In spite of the fact that we enjoyed Vienna, we won't go back there again.
- 2 1 The flight was delayed because of the fog.
2 We had to leave the hotel early to get to the Prado by 10 a.m.
3 They decided to walk there so as not to spend money on transport.
4 She got to the airport early in order not to have to queue.
5 Did you choose a remote island so that you could get away from it all?
- 3 1 I'm so exhausted that I can't go any further.
2 Sheila's such good company that I'll ask her to come on holiday with me.
3 It's such a cheap hotel that they're going to stay for another week.
4 We were so full that we couldn't eat dessert.
5 The sun is so hot that there's hardly anyone on the beach.
- 4 1 I worked for a year to / in order to / so as to save money for my trip.
2 The family had to wait for another flight because of confusion with their booking.
3 In spite of the fact that she could speak Spanish, she only spoke English while she was in Madrid. OR In spite of speaking Spanish, she only spoke English when she was in Madrid.
4 I was so lucky to be able to travel around the world. (correct)
5 We went to Spanish classes in order to learn a few words before our trip to Cádiz.
6 It was so amazing to see the city from the top of the mountain.

Unit 4 Grammar

- 1 1 A 2 A 3 C 4 C 5 B 6 A
- 2 B 6 ... will benefit
C 2 ... will help
D 4 ... are going
E 3 ... didn't steal
F 1 ... am telling
- 3 1 They said that they had seen the couple leaving the shop.
2 The man shouted that he was innocent.
3 The mother said that her daughter was telling the truth.
4 Carl told Felipe that no one would believe him.
5 The woman said that she was going to report the incident immediately.

- 4 1 The woman asked the police officer to help her.
2 The mother told her son to be careful at the party.
3 I asked Martin to record the crime programme.
4 The judge asked the shoplifter to return the stolen goods.
5 He told the jury to make a sensible decision.

- 5 1 if 4 if
2 why 5 what
3 when

- 6 1 D 2 A 3 C 4 B

- 7 2 C 3 D 4 A 5 G 6 F 7 E

- 8 1 The newsreader said that local police had found the missing child in a shop.
2 The policewoman told the man that he wasn't listening to her.
3 The policeman said that they couldn't arrest people without any evidence.
4 The jury spokesman said that they would give the verdict the next day.
5 The officer said that they had watched Evans for a long time.
6 He said that he had been at school with the judge.

- 9 2 B 3 A 4 C 5 B 6 C 7 A

- 10 1 The policeman told the burglars to stop.
2 One of the burglars asked him not to shout at them.
3 The policeman asked the man to sit on that chair.
4 The policeman asked him to repeat what he had said.
5 She told him to get her a lawyer.
6 She asked the policewoman to answer her questions.
7 The criminal told the reporter to leave him alone.
- 11 1 The policeman asked when I / we had noticed the broken window.
2 The reporter asked what the jury would decide.
3 The officer asked if / whether I / we knew where the men were going.
4 The lawyer asked her when she could get to court.
5 The security guard asked if / whether he had stolen anything.
6 The mother asked her son if / whether he had told her the truth.
7 The witness asked who would be in the courtroom.

Unit 4 Grammar extension

- 1 1 told 4 told
2 said 5 said
3 telling 6 say

- 2 1 told 4 tell
2 say 5 told
3 said 6 said

- 3 1 Do you want me to record that crime programme for you?
2 The police want to train more officers this year.
3 Arthur didn't want anyone to visit him in prison. (correct)
4 We wanted to help reduce crime in our area.
5 We want you to be a member of the jury.

- 4 1 He explained (to the reporter) that the woman had stolen some jewellery.
2 The officers admitted that they had used iris recognition techniques.
3 Joe added that he had also been mugged in London.